

HIGH PRICE PAID FOR CITY LIGHTS

Mayor Morris Compiles Table Showing Comparisons.

SALT LAKE COST IS LARGE

MUCH GREATER THAN THAT OF MUNICIPAL PLANTS.

Salt Lake City pays almost double for her service what many eastern cities do where the plants are owned by the municipalities, according to a statement of facts compiled by Mayor Richard P. Morris. The tabulated statement bids fair to cut considerable figure in the present agitation for municipal ownership of the local electric light system.

As yet the agitation is principally confined to the city council and a few outsiders who have become interested in the matter. The mayor's statement is the first of its kind in the city, and it is believed that it will be of great value to the city council in its deliberations on the subject.

Other Cities Use Steam.

In the comparison of figures in the table with the existing prices of arc lights in this city, several things must be taken into consideration which are not brought out in the table. The cities mentioned own their own plants. Their motive power is steam, while water is the principal dependence of the Utah Light & Railway company. The significance is that water power is generally supposed, under ordinary conditions, to be about half as expensive, in the end, as steam power. In spite of that fact, Salt Lake City pays from 40 to 90 percent more for its arc light service, per light, than do the cities mentioned in the table.

Unless it is otherwise stated, the candle power of the lights in the cities cited in the tabulated form is 2,000. That same power is supposed to be furnished to Salt Lake City by the local company, but those in a position to know say the average arc light power in this city seldom goes above 1,200, dropping to 1,000. The mayor's statement says that under municipal ownership Salt Lake City should not pay more than \$30 per arc light per year, while now it is charged \$72. There is a possibility of the city getting its lights for \$36 per year under the Garff & Son plan.

It was learned yesterday that the power with which the Garffs propose to operate their plant is water. The dam and power plant, if the present plan is carried out, will be located between thirty and forty miles from this city. The scene has been carefully gone over, and the promoters, when they are prepared, they say, to demonstrate fully to the most skeptical the feasibility of their water power plans.

Table Shows Comparisons.

The following table, as prepared by Mayor Morris, shows a comparison between the cost per arc light in this city and eastern municipalities which own their own plants, and other facts and figures.

CITIES FROM WHICH COMPARATIVE STATISTICS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED.

Cities	Number of arc lights	Cost per arc light per year	Candle power
Dunkirk, N. Y.	15	\$1.25	2,000
West Troy, N. Y.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Easton, Pa.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Day City, Mich.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Detroit, Mich.	10	\$1.50	2,000
St. Paul, Minn.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Aurora, Ill.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Little Rock, Ark.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Peabody, Mass.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Amherst, Mass.	10	\$1.50	2,000
South Norwalk, Conn.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Braintree, Mass.	10	\$1.50	2,000
Salt Lake City	10	\$7.20	2,000

* 1.20 c. p. ** 1.40 c. p. *** Moonlight.

It will be observed I have added to the total cost, insurance and taxes, the same as if operated by private monopoly, desired to cut cost and it will be seen that Salt Lake light costs about 45 per cent more than is fair and just.

It will be seen that, with one exception, the price of light is higher than any other, some paying much more for coal than Salt Lake City, while Salt Lake City has water power for at least 50 per cent of cost, and it is believed that Salt Lake City lights should be 2,000 candle power when, in reality, they are not 1,000 candle power.

Many Cities Saved More.

In the following supplementary table, the first column of figures shows "Price paid private company, per arc light, before public operation began," by the cities cited as examples.

The second shows the "cost per arc, including operating expenses, taxes, insurance, depreciation and interest." In the last column is shown the "cost under complete public ownership, but including operating expenses, taxes, insurance and depreciation, but not interest, there being no interest from the people own the plant, free from debt."

Cities	Price paid private company, per arc light, before public operation began	Cost per arc, including operating expenses, taxes, insurance, depreciation and interest	Cost under complete public ownership, but including operating expenses, taxes, insurance and depreciation, but not interest
Aurora, Ill.	\$1.25	\$1.25	\$1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25
Day City, Mich.	1.25	1.25	1.25

Salt Lake City cost per arc, under public ownership, should not be to exceed \$40 to \$50 per arc of 2,000 candle power—a far superior light to the present.

Cheap Rates to St. Louis and Chicago and Return via Burlington Route.

To St. Louis and return \$42.50.
To Chicago and return \$47.50.
To Chicago and return via St. Louis \$50.00.
To St. Louis and return via Chicago \$50.00.

On sale Tuesday and Friday of each week. Tickets good for stop overs.

Through Pullman and Friday of each week. Stopovers allowed. Final limit sixty days from date of sale. Pullman and tourist sleepers through to St. Louis without change. Choices of routes. See any D. & R. G. agent.

Keep your eye on Castilla.

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSIONS

Via Denver & Rio Grande.

To St. Louis and return \$42.50.
To Chicago and return \$47.50.
To St. Louis and return via Chicago \$50.00.

On sale Tuesday and Friday of each week. Tickets good for stop overs.

Through Pullman and Friday of each week. Stopovers allowed. Final limit sixty days from date of sale. Pullman and tourist sleepers through to St. Louis without change. Choices of routes. See any D. & R. G. agent.

Keep your eye on Castilla.

PORT ARTHUR CUT OFF FROM OUTSIDE WORLD

(Continued from Page One.)

An endeavor to capture the Russian fleet there. This idea is favored by Henry Spencer Wilkinson in the Post, a journal generally informed on Japanese affairs. Other journals have also been contented to place a small force as a mask at Port Arthur and will send their main force to the Japanese army, in which case, if the Russian assertion that large reinforcements have been sent to Feng Wang Cheng is true, the Russian battle is imminent there or at Liao Yang. It is believed that it is Japan's second army that landed at Pitzwa, and the destination of the third army is still to be revealed.

No further news has reached London beyond detailed dispatches from correspondents with the Japanese army on the Yalu, detailing events preceding the recent battle.

The Chronicle's Tokyo correspondent asserts that simultaneously with the attack on Port Arthur the Japanese laid cables between one of the islands and the mainland as a protection for their landing place.

The Telegraph's correspondent at Tokyo says the nine sunken fireships at Port Arthur are laden with a mass of stone and cement.

The correspondent of the Standard at Tien Tsin cables that Viceoy Alexieff has called on the Tsar's general and all the officials at Feng Tien to quit that place immediately.

MISTAKE OF RUSSIANS.

Fired Upon Their Own Men With Fatal Effect.

Washington, May 6.—The Japanese legation has received the following telegram from Tokyo under date of today:

"General Kuroki, commandant of the First army corps, reports that on May 5 our mounted scouts, after a severe hand-to-hand fight, drove back the Russians towards Feng Huang Cheng. Chinese say that on May 1 about 2,000 infantry posted on a hill east of Feng Huang Cheng fired upon 300 comrades retreating from the Yalu, mistaking them for the enemy. They wounded 100 and killed 50. The rest of the body fled in disorder, abandoning their heavy carts. A Russian officer captured there states that the only bodies which retreated in order on May 1 were five or six infantry battalions and two artillery companies. Two hundred more Russians killed and wounded were found in the field, and others are being discovered."

LANDED AT TWO PLACES.

Communication With Port Arthur Is Severed.

London, May 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg today says that a Japanese landing at Port Adams, on the west coast of the Liao Tung peninsula, as well as at Pitzewo.

Port Adams is situated about fifty miles from Port Arthur, at the head of Society bay and on the railroad connecting Port Arthur with Mukden and Harbin. Consequently it may be inferred that if the report of a Japanese landing is correct communication with Port Arthur has been cut off. Pitzewo, on the east coast, where the Japanese have

landed, is less than twenty miles from Port Adams.

TOOK NO CHANCES.

Alexieff and Grand Duke Boris Hurriedly Left Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, May 6 (12:18 p. m.).—The landing of the Japanese at Pitzewo, northeast of Port Arthur, is officially confirmed. It is expected that the railroad connecting Port Arthur with Mukden and Harbin will soon be cut.

The departure of Viceoy Alexieff and Grand Duke Boris from Port Arthur was hurried, owing to the possibility of interruption of railroad communication.

The Japanese landed in sufficient force to prevent the few hundred Russians watching at Pitzewo from offering any resistance.

PORT ARTHUR SEALED.

Russian Fleet May Fall Into the Hands of the Japanese.

St. Petersburg, May 6 (5:10 p. m.).—The details of the Japanese landing at Pitzewo have just been received by the general staff. From information received to Port Arthur by the Chinese, sixty transports are disembarking two divisions, numbering altogether 30,000 men, of which 10,000 were landed yesterday evening.

The news has been received up to this hour of any other landing.

Only a few hundred Cossacks were on the beach when the Japanese appeared. They fired a few rounds and retired to the rear.

"At the present hour the landing is proceeding uninterrupted. The railroad and telegraph line to Port Arthur are at work."

While it is not officially admitted, it is believed here that the entrance to Port Arthur is sealed, at least for a few days.

According to the latest information of the general staff General Kuroki's army advanced some distance along the road to Feng Wang Cheng, and then halted.

There is said to be a question whether Lieutenant General Zassaltch received General Kurapatkin's order to retire on Sunday morning in time to execute it.

LANDING OF THE JAPS.

Details As Given in the Report of Admiral Hosoya.

Tokyo, May 6.—(Noon.)—The report of Admiral Hosoya, received today, gives details of the landing of Japanese troops on the Liao Tung peninsula, suppressing the location of the landing place. The admiral says:

"Our Seventh Division, with torpedo boats and the Hongkong Maru and the Nippon Maru, arrived from the advance base off the Liao Tung peninsula at 5:30 p. m. Discovering a number of the enemy's patrol boats, we bombarded them for a short time and then a landing party of sailors, Captain Nomoto leading, was ordered ashore. It being low tide, it was impossible to use the

WARRANT OUT FOR EVAN STEPHENS FOR VIOLATING SEWER ORDINANCE

A warrant was sworn out before Judge Diehl yesterday for the arrest of Evan Stephens, director of the Tabernacle choir. Mr. Stephens is one of the many citizens owning property on Brigham street who have been delinquent in complying with the demands of the board of health that city sewer connections be made without delay. The warrant was issued on a complaint sworn to by Deputy Korth of the health department. The Stephens case will be in the nature of a test.

Mr. Stephens, when seen at his home at State and Twelfth South streets, last night, said:

"This comes in the nature of a surprise to me, as the warrant was not yet been served upon me. I understood, however, that a test case was to be made. The house in question is located at 1818 Brigham street, and is tenanted by Frank D. Heim."

"I, with all the rest of the property owners in the vicinity, am willing and ready to go ahead and obey the board's order. What are we to do, however, when we can't get plumbers to do the work? The few contractors here in town are busy on other jobs and it is almost impossible to obtain a single man."

The report of Admiral Kataoka, commander of the Third squadron, gives additional details of the landing. The admiral reports that his squadron conveyed the first batch of the Second army to Liao Tung base and adds that the Kara Maru grounded near the base at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was assisted by the protected cruiser Akitsushima, which succeeded in floating the transport, which reached her destination safely at 5 o'clock the same evening.

Beyond the announcement that a certain force of the Japanese army effected a landing at an unnamed place on the Liao Tung peninsula yesterday and the report of Admiral Hosoya, the government absolutely refuses to discuss the nature of this operation or its plans.

General Fukushima of the general staff made the announcement of this movement to the foreign correspondents here. He said:

"On the 6th of May some strength of the Japanese army began to land on the Liao Tung peninsula."

"Where did it land?" asked the correspondents.

General Fukushima smiled in answer, but said nothing.

"From the east, west, north or south?" asked the correspondents.

"Out of the skies from heaven," answered the general, and the interview ended.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard.

Lancaster, Pa., May 6.—Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard, D. D., LL. D., president of the theological seminary of the Reformed Church of the United States, died today, aged 81 years.

George Hines Gorman.

Washington, May 6.—George Hines Gorman, a special attorney for the United States in the dry dock cases at San Francisco and other places, is dead, aged 42 years.

He had practiced law in Portland, Ore., and had been an attorney in the department of justice.

Prof. Maxwell Sommerville.

Philadelphia, May 6.—A cable dispatch from Paris today announces the death of Professor Maxwell Sommerville, glottologist of the University of Pennsylvania, aged 75 years. Death was due to heart disease.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR the salaries of mounted policemen and police captain.

Be it enacted by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah:

Section 1. That the salary of the mounted policeman of Salt Lake City be, and the same is hereby fixed at ninety (\$90.00) dollars per month, and the salary of the captain of police is fixed at one hundred ten (\$110.00) dollars per month.

Sec. 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall take effect upon approval.

Passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, May 24, 1904, and referred to the mayor for his approval.

J. S. CRITCHLOW, City Recorder.

Approved this 4th day of May, 1904. RICHARD P. MORRIS, Mayor.

State of Utah, City and County of Salt Lake—ss:

I, J. S. Critchlow, City Recorder of Salt Lake City, Utah, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an ordinance enacted by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, May 24, 1904, and approved by the mayor, May 24, 1904, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said city this 6th day of May, 1904.

J. S. CRITCHLOW, City Recorder.

BH No. 41.

Assessment No. 5.

NEW YORK BONANZA MINING company, a corporation, Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York Bonanza Mining company, held at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 4th day of May, 1904, an assessment of three (\$3) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, and said assessment is payable immediately to H. Barnett, secretary of the company, at his office, 302 P. E. Walker building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 7th day of June, 1904, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 25th day of June, 1904, at 2 p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

H. BARNETT, Secretary.

302 P. E. Walker Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

WARRANT OUT FOR EVAN STEPHENS FOR VIOLATING SEWER ORDINANCE

A warrant was sworn out before Judge Diehl yesterday for the arrest of Evan Stephens, director of the Tabernacle choir. Mr. Stephens is one of the many citizens owning property on Brigham street who have been delinquent in complying with the demands of the board of health that city sewer connections be made without delay. The warrant was issued on a complaint sworn to by Deputy Korth of the health department. The Stephens case will be in the nature of a test.

Mr. Stephens, when seen at his home at State and Twelfth South streets, last night, said:

"This comes in the nature of a surprise to me, as the warrant was not yet been served upon me. I understood, however, that a test case was to be made. The house in question is located at 1818 Brigham street, and is tenanted by Frank D. Heim."

"I, with all the rest of the property owners in the vicinity, am willing and ready to go ahead and obey the board's order. What are we to do, however, when we can't get plumbers to do the work? The few contractors here in town are busy on other jobs and it is almost impossible to obtain a single man."

The report of Admiral Kataoka, commander of the Third squadron, gives additional details of the landing. The admiral reports that his squadron conveyed the first batch of the Second army to Liao Tung base and adds that the Kara Maru grounded near the base at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was assisted by the protected cruiser Akitsushima, which succeeded in floating the transport, which reached her destination safely at 5 o'clock the same evening.

Beyond the announcement that a certain force of the Japanese army effected a landing at an unnamed place on the Liao Tung peninsula yesterday and the report of Admiral Hosoya, the government absolutely refuses to discuss the nature of this operation or its plans.

General Fukushima of the general staff made the announcement of this movement to the foreign correspondents here. He said:

"On the 6th of May some strength of the Japanese army began to land on the Liao Tung peninsula."

"Where did it land?" asked the correspondents.

General Fukushima smiled in answer, but said nothing.

"From the east, west, north or south?" asked the correspondents.

"Out of the skies from heaven," answered the general, and the interview ended.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard.

Lancaster, Pa., May 6.—Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard, D. D., LL. D., president of the theological seminary of the Reformed Church of the United States, died today, aged 81 years.

George Hines Gorman.

Washington, May 6.—George Hines Gorman, a special attorney for the United States in the dry dock cases at San Francisco and other places, is dead, aged 42 years.

He had practiced law in Portland, Ore., and had been an attorney in the department of justice.

Prof. Maxwell Sommerville.

Philadelphia, May 6.—A cable dispatch from Paris today announces the death of Professor Maxwell Sommerville, glottologist of the University of Pennsylvania, aged 75 years. Death was due to heart disease.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR the salaries of mounted policemen and police captain.

Be it enacted by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah:

Section 1. That the salary of the mounted policeman of Salt Lake City be, and the same is hereby fixed at ninety (\$90.00) dollars per month, and the salary of the captain of police is fixed at one hundred ten (\$110.00) dollars per month.

Sec. 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall take effect upon approval.

Passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, May 24, 1904, and referred to the mayor for his approval.

J. S. CRITCHLOW, City Recorder.

Approved this 4th day of May, 1904. RICHARD P. MORRIS, Mayor.

State of Utah, City and County of Salt Lake—ss:

I, J. S. Critchlow, City Recorder of Salt Lake City, Utah, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an ordinance enacted by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, May 24, 1904, and approved by the mayor, May 24, 1904, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said city this 6th day of May, 1904.

J. S. CRITCHLOW, City Recorder.

BH No. 41.

Assessment No. 5.

NEW YORK BONANZA MINING company, a corporation, Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York Bonanza Mining company, held at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 4th day of May, 1904, an assessment of three (\$3) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, and said assessment is payable immediately to H. Barnett, secretary of the company, at his office, 302 P. E. Walker building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 7th day of June, 1904, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 25th day of June, 1904, at 2 p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

H. BARNETT, Secretary.

302 P. E. Walker Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

WARRANT OUT FOR EVAN STEPHENS FOR VIOLATING SEWER ORDINANCE

A warrant was sworn out before Judge Diehl yesterday for the arrest of Evan Stephens, director of the Tabernacle choir. Mr. Stephens is one of the many citizens owning property on Brigham street who have been delinquent in complying with the demands of the board of health that city sewer connections be made without delay. The warrant was issued on a complaint sworn to by Deputy Korth of the health department. The Stephens case will be in the nature of a test.

Mr. Stephens, when seen at his home at State and Twelfth South streets, last night, said:

"This comes in the nature of a surprise to me, as the warrant was not yet been served upon me. I understood, however, that a test case was to be made. The house in question is located at 1818 Brigham street, and is tenanted by Frank D. Heim."

"I, with all the rest of the property owners in the vicinity, am willing and ready to go ahead and obey the board's order. What are we to do, however, when we can't get plumbers to do the work? The few contractors here in town are busy on other jobs and it is almost impossible to obtain a single man."

The report of Admiral Kataoka, commander of the Third squadron, gives additional details of the landing. The admiral reports that his squadron conveyed the first batch of the Second army to Liao Tung base and adds that the Kara Maru grounded near the base at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was assisted by the protected cruiser Akitsushima, which succeeded in floating the transport, which reached her destination safely at 5 o'clock the same evening.

Beyond the announcement that a certain force of the Japanese army effected a landing at an unnamed place on the Liao Tung peninsula yesterday and the report of Admiral Hosoya, the government absolutely refuses to discuss the nature of this operation or its plans.

General Fukushima of the general staff made the announcement of this movement to the foreign correspondents here. He said:

"On the 6th of May some strength of the Japanese army began to land on the Liao Tung peninsula."

"Where did it land?" asked the correspondents.

General Fukushima smiled in answer, but said nothing.

"From the east, west, north or south?" asked the correspondents.

"Out of the skies from heaven," answered the general, and the interview ended.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard.

Lancaster, Pa., May 6.—Rev. Samuel Vogelegerhard, D. D., LL. D., president of the theological seminary of the Reformed Church of the United States, died today, aged 81 years.

George Hines Gorman.

Washington, May 6.—George Hines Gorman, a special attorney for the United States in the dry dock cases at San Francisco and other places, is dead, aged 42 years.

He had practiced law in Portland, Ore., and had been an attorney in the department of justice.

Prof. Maxwell Sommerville.

Philadelphia, May 6.—A cable dispatch from Paris today announces the death of Professor Maxwell Sommerville